1	Senate Bill No. 329
2	(By Senators Laird, Miller, Unger, Snyder, Fitzsimmons, Beach,
3	Barnes, Stollings and Nohe)
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5	[Introduced February 20, 2013; referred to the Committee on the
6	Judiciary.]
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11	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$48-9-103$ of the Code of West Virginia,
12	1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact $\$48-10-403$ and $\$48-$
13	10-502 of said code, all relating to grandparent's rights;
14	permitting the grandparent or psychological parent to
15	institute an action for custodial or decision-making
16	responsibility of a child; allowing a guardian ad litem to
17	recommend a psychological evaluation; increasing the
18	importance of the factor considering the grandparent's
19	significant caretaking of the child; and minimizing a parent's
20	bias toward a grandparent as a factor.
21	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
22	That §48-9-103 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
23	be amended and reenacted; and that $$48-10-403$$ and $$48-10-502$ of

- 1 said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
- 2 ARTICLE 9. ALLOCATION OF CUSTODIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND DECISION-
- 3 MAKING RESPONSIBILITY OF CHILDREN.
- 4 §48-9-103. Parties to an action under this article.
- 5 (a) Persons who have a right to be notified of and participate
- 6 as a party in an action filed by another are:
- 7 (1) A legal parent of the child, as defined in section 1-232
- 8 of this chapter;
- 9 (2) An adult or guardian allocated custodial responsibility or
- 10 decision-making responsibility under a parenting plan regarding the
- 11 child that is then in effect; or
- 12 (3) Persons who were parties to a prior order establishing
- 13 custody and visitation, or who, under a parenting plan, were
- 14 allocated custodial responsibility or decision-making
- 15 responsibility; or
- 16 <u>(4) In exceptional cases, a grandparent or psychological</u>
- 17 parent seeking an allocation of custodial responsibility or
- 18 decision-making authority.
- 19 (b) In exceptional cases the court may, in its discretion,
- 20 grant permission to intervene to other persons or public agencies
- 21 whose participation in the proceedings under this article it
- 22 determines is likely to serve the child's best interests. The
- 23 court may place limitations on participation by the intervening

- 1 party as the court determines to be appropriate. Such persons or
- 2 public agencies do not have standing to initiate an action under
- 3 this article.
- 4 ARTICLE 10. GRANDPARENT VISITATION.
- 5 §48-10-403. Appointment of guardian ad litem for the child.
- 6 When a motion or petition is filed seeking grandparent
- 7 visitation, the court, on its own motion or upon the motion of a
- 8 party or grandparent, may appoint a guardian ad litem for the child
- 9 to assist the court in determining the best interests of the child
- 10 regarding grandparent visitation. A guardian ad litem may recommend
- 11 psychological evaluations.
- 12 §48-10-502. Factors to be considered in making a determination as
- to a grant of visitation to a grandparent.
- 14 In making a determination on a motion or petition the court
- 15 shall consider the following factors:
- 16 (1) The age of the child;
- 17 (2) The relationship between the child and the grandparent;
- 18 (3) The relationship between each of the child's parents or
- 19 the person with whom the child is residing and the grandparent;
- 20 (4) The time which has elapsed since the child last had
- 21 contact with the grandparent;
- 22 (5) The effect that such visitation will have on the
- 23 relationship between the child and the child's parents or the

- 1 person with whom the child is residing;
- 2 (6) If the parents are divorced or separated, the custody and
- 3 visitation arrangement which exists between the parents with regard
- 4 to the child;
- 5 (7) The time available to the child and his or her parents,
- 6 giving consideration to such matters as each parent's employment
- 7 schedule, the child's schedule for home, school and community
- 8 activities, and the child's and parents' holiday and vacation
- 9 schedule;
- 10 (8) The good faith of the grandparent in filing the motion or
- 11 petition;
- 12 (9) Any history of physical, emotional or sexual abuse or
- 13 neglect being performed, procured, assisted or condoned by the
- 14 grandparent;
- 15 (10) Whether the child has, in the past, resided with the
- 16 grandparent for a significant period or periods of time, with or
- 17 without the child's parent or parents;
- 18 (11) Whether the grandparent has, in the past, been a
- 19 significant caretaker for the child, regardless of whether the
- 20 child resided inside or outside of the grandparent's residence._
- 21 When the grandparent has been a significant or primary caretaker of
- 22 the child for over one year, greater importance shall be placed on
- 23 this factor in the determination of the court;

- 1 (12) The preference of the parents with regard to the
- 2 requested visitation, unless it is clear that the parent is biased
- 3 against the grandparent having visits with the child; and
- 4 (13) Any other factor relevant to the best interests of the
- 5 child.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to increase grandparents' rights in matters of custodial or decision-making authority and visitation.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.